# I-80 Planning (PEL) Study

## Study Area



# Make System decisions that affect improvement strategies along the entire corridor:

- What are the visions and goals for the I-80 system?
- What is the right size of the I-80 system?
- Should alternative financing strategies be used?
- What is the potential cost to reconstruct the system?
- How do we prioritize I-80 into projects?

### The Benefits

- Gives us a systematic and dynamic plan for reconstructing all of I-80
- Answers big picture questions that <u>have to be answered</u> in lower level NEPA documents
- Builds consistency in approach across the system
- Let's us investigate financing and quantify the benefits and costs
- Does not tie our hands financially...allows flexibility

## Schedule & Status Tech Memos

**IN HOUSE** 

**IN HOUSE** 

**IN HOUSE** 

**IN HOUSE** 

**IN HOUSE** 

**CONSULTANT** 

Public Involvement Plan
Overhead Bridges
Guiding Principles
Truck Accommodation
DRAFT out for review
Diversion Strategies
Modal
DRAFT out for review
DRAFT out for review

Automated Vehicles
Tolling & Alt. Financing
Resiliency and Vulnerability
Existing Conditions Analysis
Vision for Infrastructure Invest.

DRAFT due April
DRAFT due July
CONSULTANT
DRAFT due October
CONSULTANT
Draft due end of 2017
CONSULTANT

## Public Involvement Upcoming Events

#### I-80 PLANNING STUDY



**Public Meeting #1 Complete July 2016** 

Public Meeting #2 - Scheduled July 15, 2017

**Public Meeting #3 - Scheduled November 30, 2017** 

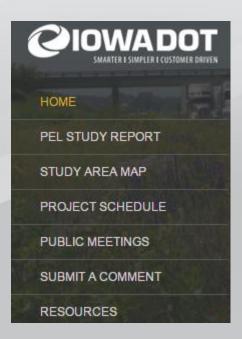
### **Public Feedback**

### **Project Website**

http://www.iowadot.gov/interstatestudy/

### Purpose of the website:

- Source for the public, resource agencies, local officials, etc. to sign-up to and stay connected
  - Over 1,100 Subscribers
- Early involvement in the transportation planning process
- I-80 system users' can share their opinions and fill out a survey
  - Over 3,000 surveys filled out



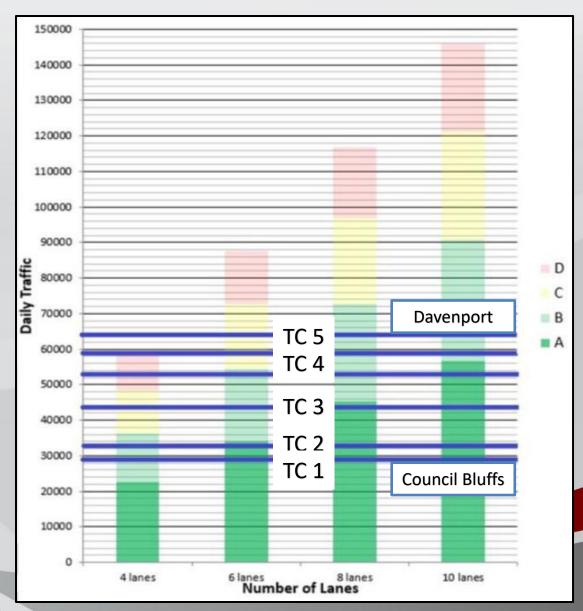
### 4 - Truck Accommodation



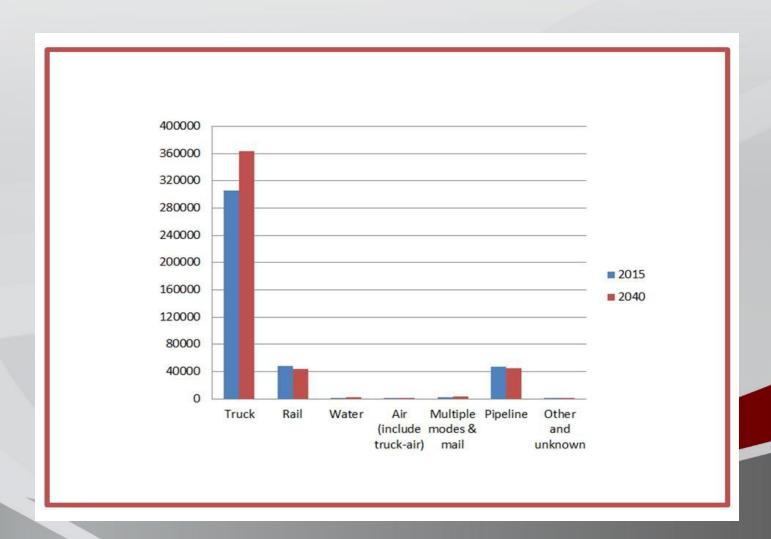
- Draft Complete Under Review
- Considerations
  - Additional travel modes
  - Speed Differentials
  - Truck restrictions
  - Truck exclusive facilities



## **Traffic Projections**



## **Freight Movement**



## **Truck Volumes**

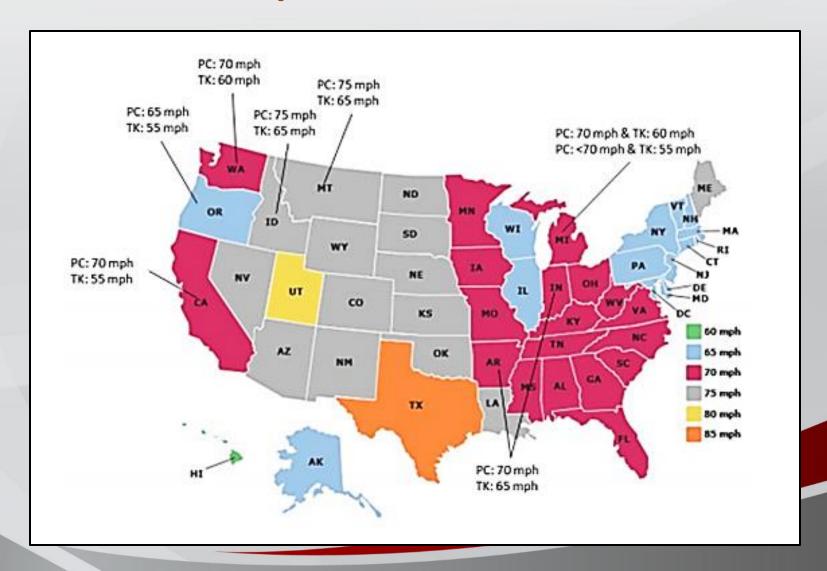
XX % TRUCK %
XX % GROWTH %

	2014		2040	
Location	AADT (vpd)	Truck Volume	AADT (vpd) Truck Volume	
1.5 miles west of County Road M16 Pottawattamie County	23,500	<b>35%</b> 8225	41% 49% 33,104 37% 12,248	COUNCIL BLUFFS
2.0 miles east of US 71 Cass County	20,100	<b>39%</b> 7839	47% 51% 29,585 40% 11,834	
1.0 miles west of US 63 Poweshiek County	26,500	<b>35%</b> 9275	70%     75%       44,962     36%     16,186	DES MOINES
2.0 miles east of IA 149 Iowa County	31,200	<b>31%</b> 9672	72%     83%       53,610     33%     17,691	
2.5 miles east of County Road X40 Cedar County	33,500	<b>35%</b> 11,725	93% 104% 64,774 37% 23,966	IOWA CITY
1.5 miles east of Middle Road Scott County	30,800	<b>30%</b> 9,240	91% 85% 58,974 29% 17,102	DAVENPORT

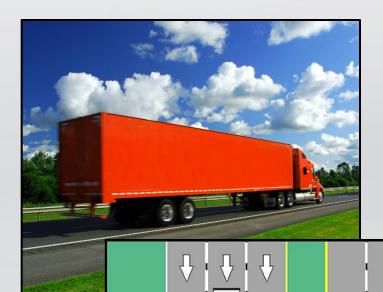
### **Additional Modes**



### **Speed Differential**



### **Truck Restrictions**



NO TRUCKS NO TRUCKS

3 AXLES

No

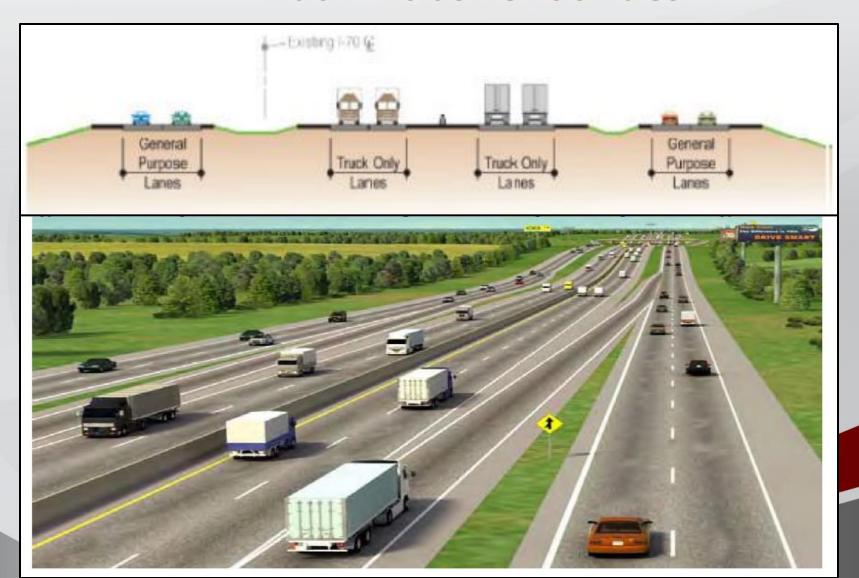
Lane

3 AXLES

Lane

- Total Ban or by class
- Limiting lane usage
- Limiting time of access

### **Truck Exclusive Facilities**



### **Costs**

TABLE 3. CONSTRUCTION AND MAINTENANCE COSTS

Scenario	2015 Construction Cost (per Mile)	2012 Maintenance Cost (per Mile) (17)	
6 General Purpose Lanes	\$ 11,800,000	\$ 93,223	
8 General Purpose Lanes	\$ 13,200,000	\$ 118,741	
4 General Purpose Lanes plus 4 Truck-Only Lanes	\$ 23,400,000	\$ 130,733	
6 General Purpose Lanes plus 4 Truck-Only Lanes	\$ 25,500,000	\$ 155,751	

#### **FUNDING SCENARIOS**



■ 6 GP LANES ■ TRUCK LANE ALTERNATIVE

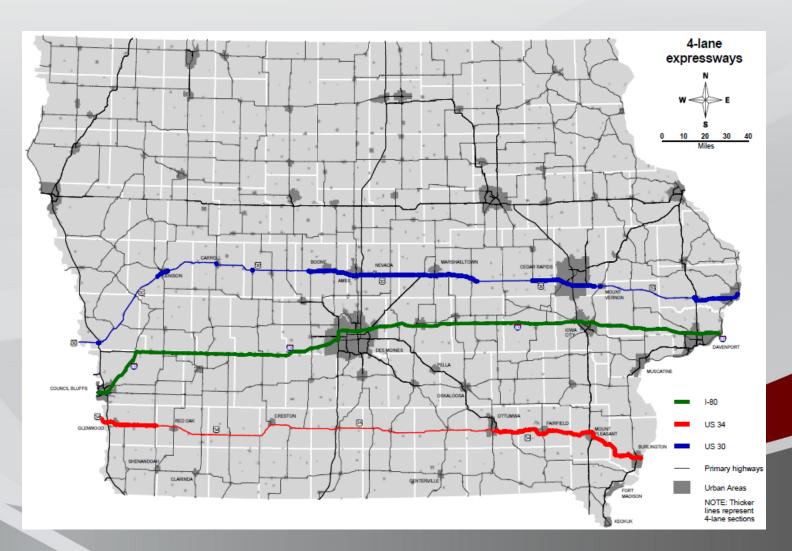
Truck Accomodation

## 5 - Diversion Strategies



- Draft Complete Under Review
- Will improvements on parallel corridors divert enough traffic from I-80?
  - o U.S. 30
  - o U.S. 34
- Criteria Evaluated
  - Cost
  - Traffic Analysis
  - Cost vs Utilization
  - Economic Impacts
  - Affordability
  - Environmental Impacts

## **4-Lane Segments**



### **Criteria Evaluated - Traffic Analysis**

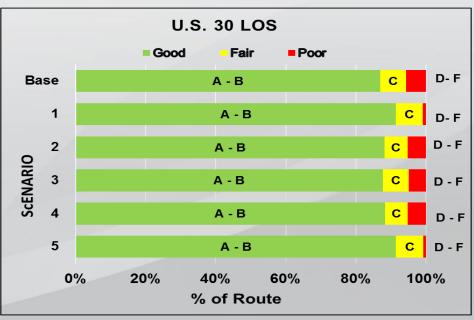
Five Scenarios analyzed by Systems Planning for impacts to:

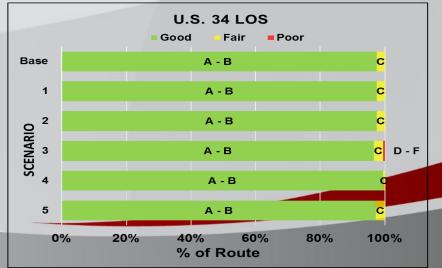
- Level of Service
- Daily Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT)
- Daily Percent Change in Delay

Table 4. TRAFFIC SCENARIOS			
Scenario	Interstate 80	U.S. 30	U.S. 34
Base	No Build	No Build	No Build
1	6 Lanes	No Build	No Build
2	No Build	4 Lanes	No Build
3	No Build	No Build	4 Lanes
4	6 Lanes	4 Lanes	No Build
5	6 Lanes	No Build	4 Lanes

### **Level of Service (LOS)**







LOS D - F I-80 – 60% U.S. 30 - 5% U.S. 34 – 1%

**Diversion Strategies** 

## Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT) and Delay

### **Key Points**

- VMT on I-80 decreases by 1.5% and 4.5% for scenarios #2 and #3 respectively; 60% of I-80 operating at a LOS of D or worse.
- VMT increased by significant numbers on U.S. 30 and U.S. 34 they still operated well regardless if any capacity improvements were made.

Scenario	Description	Cost (\$Millions)	All Corridors Total Daily Delay (hours)	Cost / Decreased Daily Delay (\$/Hr)
Base	No Build	NA	55,709	NA
1	6-Lane I-80	3,400	41,741	240,000.00
2	4-Lane US 30	1,500	53,134	580,000.00
3	4-Lane US 34	1,500	52,225	430,000.00
4	6-Lane I-80 & 4-Lane US 30	4,900	39,838	300,000.00
5	6-Lane I-80 & 4-Lane US 34	4,900	41,707	350,000.00

### **Observation**

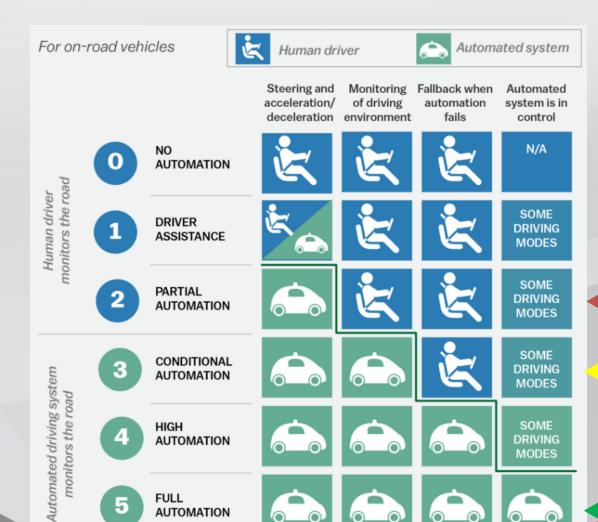
Will improvements on other corridors divert enough traffic from I-80?

It does not appear that enough traffic will divert from I-80 to the other corridors and address the future traffic demands of the system.

## 7 -Automated Vehicles & Emerging Technology



- Draft Complete Under Review
- Evaluate the effect of automated vehicles and emerging technology on:
  - Safety
  - Capacity & Operations
  - Travel Time Reliability
  - Design Elements



### Levels of Autonomy

GM "Super Cruise" 2017 Cadillac CT6



#### **Tesla Model S**

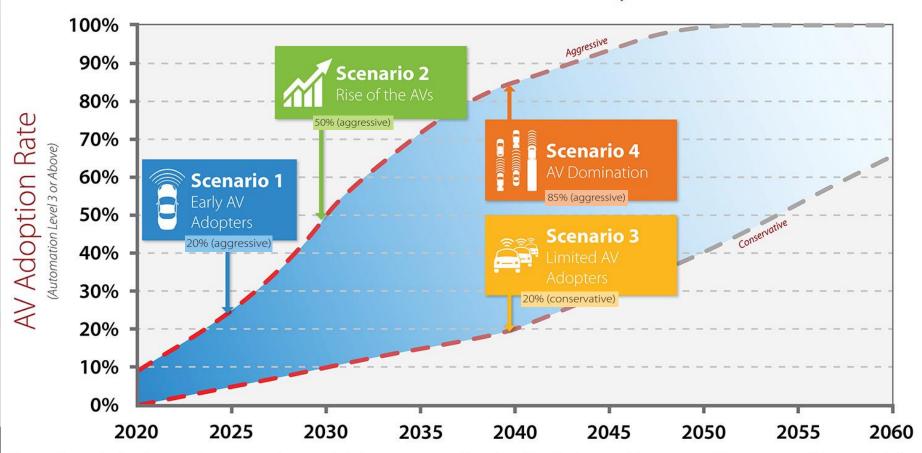


### Waymo (Google)



## **Adoption Rates**

### Automated Vehicle (AV) Market Adoption

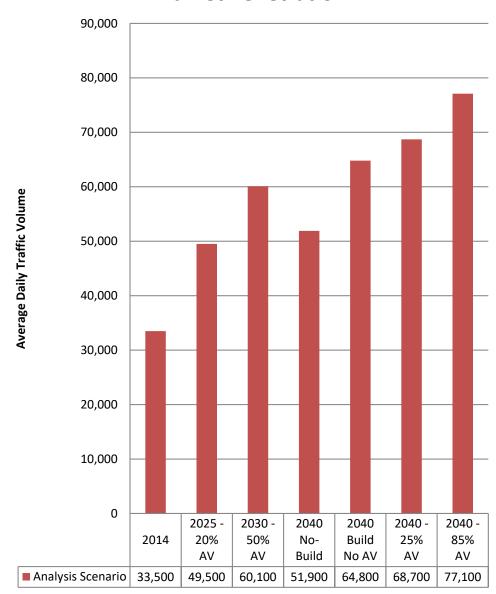


The I-80 Planning Study and market adoption rates and impacts of vehicle automation are informed by industry leading research by University of Texas, University of California at Berkeley, Victoria Transportation Policy Institute and Goldman Sachs. The scenarios ranged from conservative to aggressive in market adoption.

### **Traffic Analysis**

- DOT Statewide travel model runs
  - 2040 4-lane I-80
  - 2040 6-lane I-80
- Research on AV impact to demand
  - Induced trips due to AV
  - Potentially longer trips as well

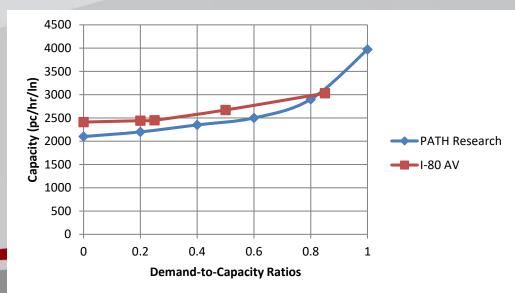
### Traffic Demand by Future Year and AV Market Penetration

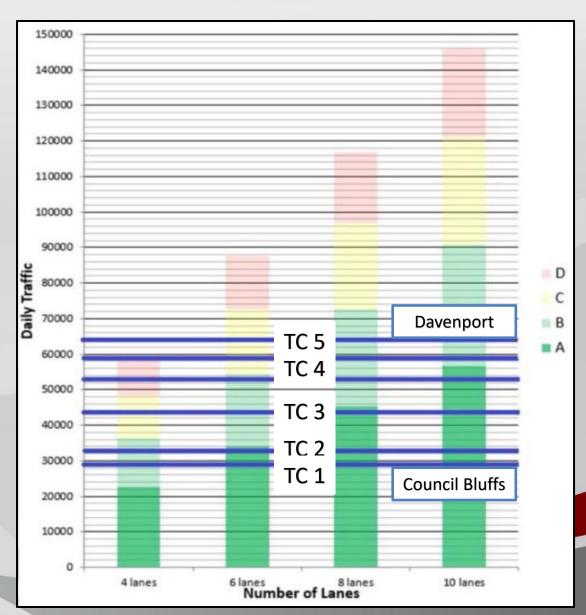


### Traffic Analysis Results

- Simulated capacity with AV
  - Default VISSIM driver behavior
  - AV traffic mixes with non-AVs in all lanes
- Benefits reach substantial level at 50% AV
- 85% AV A 6-lane freeway can serve roughly 1,800 additional vehicles during the peak hour
- Dependent on vehicle following / platooning code; likely to change over time

Scenario	% AV	Capacity (pc/mi/ln)
No-Build	0%	2,410 (+0%)
Scenario 1	25%	2,450 (+2%)
Scenario 2	50%	<b>2,670 (+11%)</b>
Scenario 3	20%	2,440 (+1%)
Scenario 4	85%	3,030 <b>(+26%)</b>



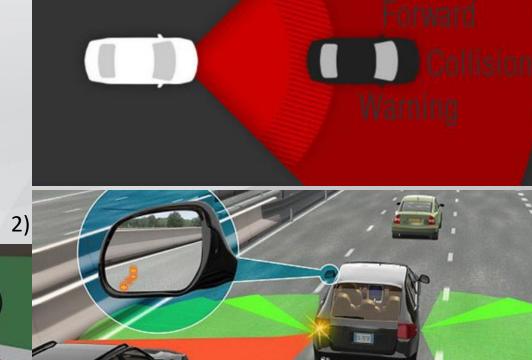


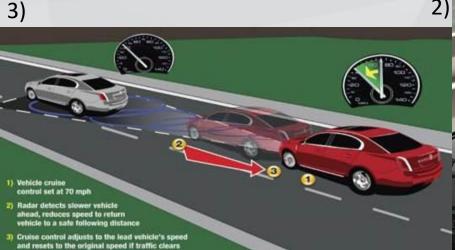
## Safety Analysis

### **Automated Vehicle Safety**

### Safety applications

- Forward Collision Warning
- 2) Lane Change Warning
- 3) Cooperative Adaptive Cruise Control





## Safety Analysis Approach

### Crash Patterns for I-80

30% of crashes classified as run off road or crossed median



Pick AV safety application to mitigate crash

Lane-keeping assist reduces 50%-90% of target crashes



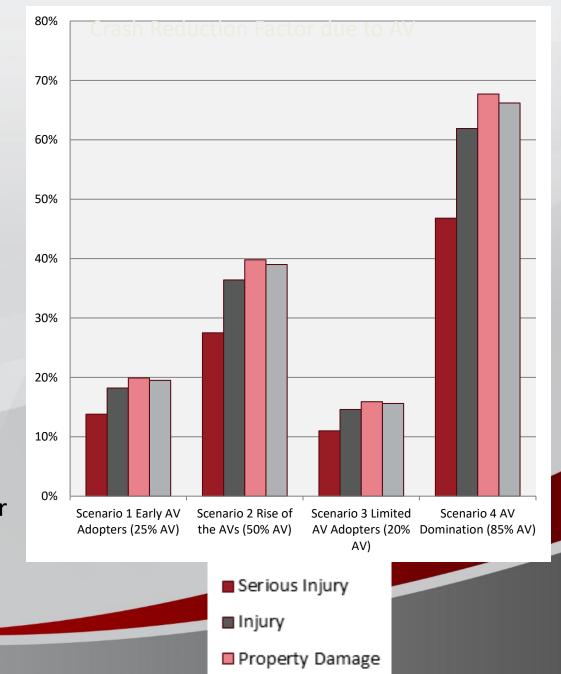
Combine the crash reductions for all AV safety technologies

Apply the crash reduction factors to predicted future crashes

### **Safety Analysis Results**

### I-80 Predicted Crash Rates

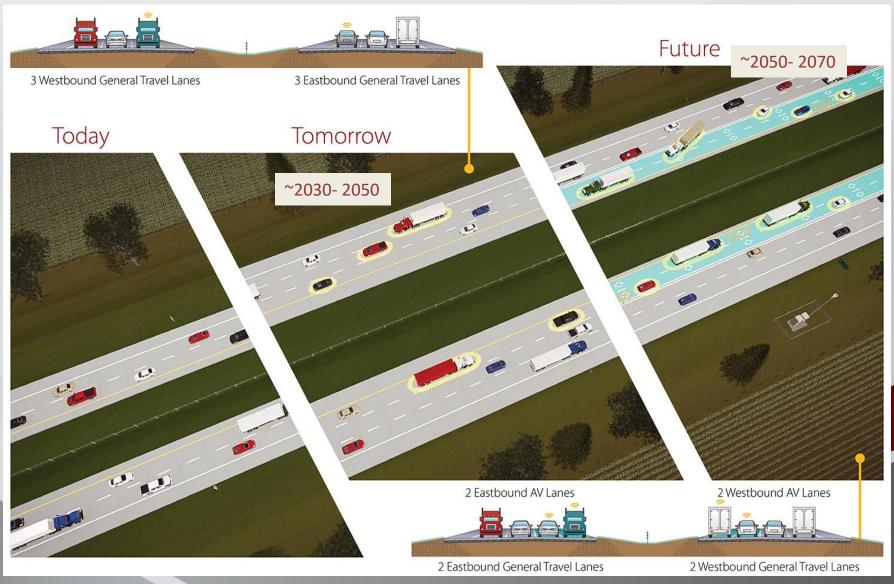
- Introducing automated vehicles reduces crashes
- Reductions near 70% of total crashes for 85% AV
- Location-specific estimate & conservative
  - Future study may show even higher benefits, especially for other locations (e.g. intersections)

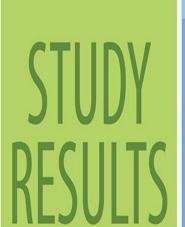


■ Total

**Emerging Technology** 

## **Design Elements**





2040 Scenarios versus Existing Conditions

Data based on studies and analyses of two to five general segments of rural I-80.

### 4-Lane I-80 UNIMPROVED IN THE YEAR 2040





Average cr

SAFETY

Average crashes per mile will increase 9% with little change to the number of fatal and major



\*(with a 48% increase in volumes)

injury crashes\*

Vehicle crowding will increase by 55%

causing average speeds to decrease 50/



Average crashes per

Average crashes per mile will increase 14% with little change to the number of fatal and major injury crashes\*

\*(with a 72% increase in volumes)



Average crashes per mile will decrease 59% and fatal and major injury crashes will decrease 50%

\*(with a 104% increase in volumes)

20% less vehicle crowding and average speeds remain the same as today

35% less vehicle crowding and average speeds increase 2%

IABILII Y

Overall **travel times** will grow, increasing the **Misery Index** 



**6** to **12**%



Misery Index
Slight improvement

1 to 8%



Misery Index

More improvement

1 to 3%

## I-380 Planning Study (PEL)

# Make System decisions that affect improvement strategies along the entire corridor:

- What are the visions and goals for the I-380 system?
- What is the right size of the I-380 system?
- Are there operational improvements that will buy us time before infrastructure investment is needed?
- What do emerging technologies buy us in terms of life of the system?
- What is the potential cost to reconstruct the system?
- How do we prioritize I-380 into projects?

## The Largest Benefits to IDOT

- Ties it all together
- Builds consistency in approach
- Gives us a systematic and dynamic plan for reconstructing I-380
- Answers big picture questions that <u>have to be answered</u> in lower level NEPA documents
- Allows Flexibility for Implementation

## Schedule & Status Tech Memos

- Public Involvement Plan
- Goals and Guiding Principles
- Existing Conditions & Operations
- Viability of Modal Options
- Automated Vehicles
- Resiliency and Vulnerability
- Vision & Final Recommendations

**DONE** not released

**DRAFT** out for review

**DRAFT due July** 

**DRAFT due August** 

**DRAFT due October** 

**Scope Under Development** 

**IN HOUSE** 

**IN HOUSE** 

**CONSULTANT** 

**CONSULTANT** 

**CONSULTANT** 

**CONSULTANT** 

**CONSULTANT** 

### **Public Involvement**

### **Public Meetings**

- Summer 2017 (online)
- Winter 2017 (online)
- Spring 2018 (in person and online)

